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WASHINGTON, MONDAY, JANUARY 13, 1902.

REPLY OF CHAMBERLAIN MAKES  
CRISIS LOOM UP IN BERLIN.Von Buelow Must Face Angry  
Storm of Anti-  
English Partisans.

EMPEROR MAY TAKE HAND.

Chancellor Must Assume Firm Stand or  
Else Retire.

HAS SHOWN MUCH WEAKNESS.

English Correspondents in Germany  
Give Their Views on the Situation  
—London Press Upholding the Retort  
of the Colonial Secretary  
Almost Generally.

LONDON, Jan. 12.—The English correspondents in Berlin represent Chancellor von Buelow as being in a difficult position. They believe that although he, for political reasons, did not desire to offend Great Britain, he felt compelled to make some concession to popular opinion among his own countrymen, not realizing the results of compromise.

Fresh Outburst Predicted.

The "Daily Mail's" correspondent predicts a fresh outburst of indignation in the Reichstag, of which the Chancellor himself will probably be the victim. The correspondent also claims that there is good reason to believe that the Emperor will not allow the Chancellor to make any more concessions to the gallery.

If, says the correspondent, Count von Buelow does not make a firm stand, once for all, disclaiming all connection with the Anglophobia outbreak, it will mean his retirement. His successor, who is already knocking at the door, will enter gladly and try better to interpret the Emperor's wishes.

Chancellor Too Weak.

The "Morning Post's" correspondent says there can be little doubt of the Chancellor's inability to swim strongly against the rising flood of Anglophobia. There is reason to believe, however, that he will make an effort, before the end of the budget debate, to prevent the complete success of the Anglophobes.

The correspondent of the "Daily News" says that, making allowance for the difficult position of the Chancellor, he has throughout shown remarkable weakness and dropped down horns solely out of fear of the Anglophobes.

Bismarck certainly would not have yielded an inch to them if he had thought

their behavior was detrimental to his foreign policy. Count von Buelow, less bellicose, favors a compromise and seeks to be friendly with all parties.

Mr. Chamberlain's retort is warmly approved by the governmental press here. The "Standard" says that the rejoinder suits the provocation and is required by British self-respect.

The "Morning Post" says it is just what the country needed and what the situation required. Mr. Chamberlain, in this matter, has the nation solid at his back.

Clear Cut as Steel.

The "Telegraph" says that Mr. Chamberlain's sentences were as clear-cut as steel. They were worthy of England and the Minister who knows how to defend her honor as his own.

The "Daily Mail," however, which is no wise anti-Chamberlain, and which does not condone the German attacks, regrets his references to foreign powers, recalling his speech about Russia, when he said that those who sipped with the devil must needs have a long spoon, his advice to the French to mend their manners, and his irritating to the Americans by suggesting there was an Anglo-American alliance.

Not Anxious to Quarrel.

The paper adds: "Now we are working into a quarrel with Germany which may go further. It is just as well that Mr. Chamberlain is at the colonial office and not the foreign office. We are not particularly anxious to quarrel with anyone. It is difficult to see why we should, but if we are bound to quarrel with Germany, doubtless she is a suitable opponent."

Somewhat Remissive.

The pro-Berlin "Daily News" and the imperialist Liberal "Chronicle" attack Mr. Chamberlain, both regarding that his retort bears a resemblance to that of Pontius Pilate.

The "Times" characterizes the retort as the only kind of a reply which the spokesman of a nation not lost to self-respect could make.

Not Yet Circulated.

BERLIN, Jan. 12.—Only one newspaper here has printed Mr. Chamberlain's retort to Chancellor von Buelow. It is expected that when Mr. Chamberlain's remarks are generally known there will be a fresh outbreak of anger, the more so as the Chancellor's reply in the Reichstag to Herr Liebermann von Sonnenberg, when the latter attacked Great Britain and Mr. Chamberlain, was almost unanimously regarded as removing all cause of irritation in Great Britain, and a sort of painful surprise is felt at the British resentment.

The Chancellor Astonished.

It is understood that the Chancellor himself is astonished, he having genuinely desired to emphasize his disapproval of the Anglophobia campaign. Alongside this regret, however, there is unconcealed rage among the Anglophobe, agrarian press that the feelings of the British have been hurt.

## FEARS FOR BRITISH WARSHIP.

H. M. S. Condon Long Overdue on  
Trip to Honolulu.

VICTORIA, B. C., Jan. 12.—Much uneasiness is felt here for H. M. S. Condon, which is 22 days out from this port for Honolulu. The Condon mailed a day after the collier Matewan, which was supposed to have gone down in the fierce southeast gale that prevailed the following day.

Captain Fleet, senior on this station, expressed great anxiety, but hopes the delay is due to shortage of coal, and that the Condon is making the voyage under sail. Even in that event, however, she should have reached Honolulu January 3, the date of latest news, an sailing vessel which left here since her departure, have arrived there.

## REFUSED TO WORK ON SABBATH

Seventh Day Adventist Holds Up  
Jury for Several Hours.

Special to The Washington Times.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Jan. 12.—Because he is a Seventh Day Adventist and refuses to work on the Sabbath, William H. Landrum, a sewing machine agent living at 815 Twenty-ninth Street, blocked a jury in the United States District Court for several hours yesterday.

J. M. McKnight was on trial for embezzlement as president of the defendant German National Bank. When court convened Judge Evans received a note from Landrum, who was on the jury, refusing to work on Saturday. He refused to answer his name and was put under duress.

Landrum slept during District Attorney Hill's argument and paid no attention to Judge Evans' charge. At noon he was locked up with the jury. Last night he consented to agree that the Sabbath ended at sundown, and the jury quickly found McKnight guilty on both counts.

It is his third conviction for wrecking the bank.

## WOULD OPEN OUR DOORS TO CHINA.

Gen. O. O. Howard Declares  
That the Present Exclusion  
Law Conditions  
Are Cruel.

NEW YORK, Jan. 12.—In the course of an address at the Sunday afternoon men's meeting today at the West Side Y. M. C. A., in Fifty-seventh Street, Gen. O. O. Howard touched upon the question of the future exclusion of the Chinese. He stated his belief that existing conditions surrounding Chinese immigration should be torn down, and the broader, or open door, policy take its place. In part, he said:

"We have a treaty with China which does not expire till 1904, and doubtless some legislation will take place during this Congress to enable the executive department to carry out the treaty. I may add that the execution of the law and its amendments, which are law, expiring by their own limitation, has inevitably worked such cruelties and hardships toward innocent victims, who had the mis-



MAKING LIFE MISERABLE FOR THEIR BEST FRIEND.

CROKER'S CHANGE  
NOT HELD SERIOUS.

REGARDED AS ONLY TEMPORARY.

Lewis Nixon, It Is Said, Will Take  
the Hard Work Off the Chief.  
—His Shoulders—Latter  
May Soon Leave.

NEW YORK, Jan. 12.—No one took seriously today the withdrawal of Richard Croker from the finance committee of Tammany Hall, and all the politicians who discussed it said that Lewis Nixon, who was named for the head of the committee by Mr. Croker, was in the office only to do the hard work for the time that Mr. Croker thinks Tammany will be out of power.

Mr. Nixon's Plans.

Mr. Nixon issued today the following statement about his plans: "I shall impress upon the district leaders the fact that my selection as chairman of the finance committee of Tammany Hall does not mean now, or in the future, factional misunderstanding. Every leader today stands upon the same basis with me."

"On my part I shall rely on their advice and assistance and will work with them for the common good of the Democratic party in this city. While keeping out of district fights, when a leader is returned he will find me ready to co-operate with him."

Asks for Advice.

"I want the advice and aid of those who wish to see our organization built up about the Democratic principles, restored to the confidence of the people, and made the instrument of the community for good government."

Mr. Croker was at the club and took a drive with ex-Mayor Van Wyck. His friends said he was devoting all his time to the preparations for departure for England. John Fox, the president of the Democratic Club, will accompany him on the voyage, and they have not decided yet when they will start.

A Business Footing.

It was said by Lewis Nixon's friends that one of the first things he would do would be to put Tammany Hall on a business footing in regard to the transaction of all of the business of the machine. He will keep a set of books, in which will be entered so much of the doings of the various committees as may be necessary for

the guidance of the members of the committees on whom the work would fall. Some of Mr. Nixon's friends said last evening that he would start out as soon as he found himself in his new surroundings to make a fight against the gambling syndicate in Tammany Hall. This prediction was made with great confidence by many friends of Nixon.

## NEW LEADER OF TAMMANY.

Nixon Had Political Ambitions Even  
When Xaver Cadet.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Jan. 12.—Benjamin Weiss, of Philadelphia, who says he was a cadet at Annapolis when Lewis Nixon, the new leader of Tammany Hall, was attending the academy at the Hotel Victoria, Mr. Weiss left the navy shortly after he was graduated.

"Nixon had political ambitions even when he was a boy and studying for a career that offered no political preference," said Mr. Weiss. "He was born in the south about the time the civil war began, and he was always interested in politics. He used to say that he would like to be a political leader in a Northern city, as he thought he would help to reconcile the sectional differences."

"That was twenty years ago, you must remember, and nobody could then predict that the reconciliation would be effected before Nixon would have a chance to get in his work."

## TO PROHIBIT THE PLAY.

Law Against Production of "Uncle  
Tom's Cabin" to Be Formulated.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Jan. 12.—The declaration of Charles Scott, manager of the Lexington Opera House, to the Daughters of the Confederacy of Lexington, simply saying: "The war has been over about thirty-six years," in answering their protest against the further presentation of "Uncle Tom's Cabin," on the ground that it gives an entirely erroneous idea of slavery days, is not going to end there.

The State Regents of the United Daughters of the Confederacy have taken the matter up. Mrs. Basil Duke, Mrs. W. L. Lyons, and Mrs. John B. Castleman have called a meeting to be held in Louisville, Tuesday, when the subject is to be debated and a movement set on foot to prepare a bill to be presented to the Legislature, now in session, preventing the presentation of "Uncle Tom's Cabin" in any theatre in the State hereafter.

The women have already sounded many members of the Legislature and find the sentiment is against the play founded on Mrs. Stowe's novel, on the ground that it portrays an isolated if not imaginary picture of slavery days, and is utterly untrue of slavery days as a whole, as is attested by the large number of negroes who still refuse to leave the shelter of their former masters.

## ANOTHER WRECK VICTIM DIES.

Central Tunnel Dead List Increased  
to Seventeen.

NEW YORK, Jan. 12.—Winfield Schultz, of New Rochelle, who was injured in the Park Avenue tunnel disaster, died in the Flower Hospital early today, fifteen hours after his right leg had been amputated.

At no time was his hope of his recovery held out by the doctors. Mr. Schultz's death is the seventeenth due to the wreck. He was a salesman and was thirty-one years old.

The Hospital for Ruptured and Crippled it was said today that the condition of Arthur Whiteley was much improved.

## NEW HAVEN NOT GIVING.

No Subscriptions to McKinley Monu-  
ment Fund Received.

NEW HAVEN, Jan. 12.—In the five weeks since the announcement was made by Postmaster Howard, of this city, that he would receive subscriptions for the McKinley monument fund not one cent has been contributed.

Today Mr. Howard said that he did not know just what to do about it. The "New Haven Union" today remarks: "There are 110,000 people in New Haven. Isn't there 10 cents in the whole crowd for a memorial to mark the grave of President McKinley?"

Mexican Minister at Vienna Dies.

VIENNA, Jan. 12.—Senor Jose Teresa y Miranda, Mexican Minister to Austria-Hungary, died last night.

SCHWAB BREAKS  
MONTE CARLO BANK.

LOSES WINNINGS LATER ON.

Steel Corporation Head Carries  
Fifty Thousand Francs Away  
From One Table—Little  
Interest in Rosslyn.

MONTE CARLO, Jan. 12.—Mr. Charles M. Schwab, president of the United States Steel Corporation, who has been playing roulette for high stakes here during the past few days, broke the bank this afternoon. He had backed twenty-six plain, and in various ways won 50,000 francs.

Followed by Crowd.

He left the table amid great excitement and a large crowd followed him. He started playing at another table and lost 15,000 francs on five successive bets.

Mr. Schwab then resumed his practice of backing a certain number and the contiguous numbers on the cloth to the extent of 1,000, 2,000, or 3,000 francs. He lost every time, and his winnings nearly vanished.

Although Mr. Schwab had occasional runs of luck in the afternoon late, and despite his recent winnings of 35,000 francs he has already dropped several thousand dollars. He lost ten coups of 3,000 francs in succession last night.

Rosslyn Also Playing.

Lord Rosslyn is playing his system intermittently. He neither wins nor loses much. All interest in him is gone.

## BOER LAGER CAPTURED.

Colonel Wing Effects a Surprise at  
Boeshmans Kraal.

LONDON, Jan. 12.—General Kitchener reports to the War Office that Colonel Wing surprised a laager at Boeshmans Kraal, 30 miles from Ermelo, at dawn Saturday, and captured 42 Boers, including Major Wolmarans and two officers of the Staats Artillery.

## HENRY C. PAYNE ARRIVES IN TOWN.

Postmaster-General-Elect Is  
Here to Assume Position  
in the President's  
Official Family.

The existing two-cent rate. "But," continued Mr. Payne, "penalty postage is what we are ultimately coming to. There is a variance of opinion as to the time it should be placed in effect."

Favors Strict Civil Service.

Mr. Payne expressed his opinion in accordance with the sentiment of the civil service reformers. He said that he was in the Postoffice Department to express any opinion on the subject of the civil service.

Postmaster General Madden's recent notable ruling, which made ineligible as second-class matter novels and books published monthly, and which were printed ostensibly as a series, although having no serial connection except in name, Mr. Payne said that he had not looked into this question sufficiently to be able to make any statement on the matter.

It is hardly probable that the Paynes at the time the latter's resignation was tendered on December 14 last. He holds the position of vice chairman of the Republican national committee, and managed the entire Western campaign during the years of 1896 and 1900.

MRS. DENNIS CONSCIOUS AND  
SPEAKS, BUT KNOWS NOTHING.No Recollections of the In-  
cidents of the Mur-  
derous Assault.

HER MIND A TOTAL BLANK.

Retired, Slept, and Awoke in the  
Hospital.

THE FIRST LUCID MOMENT.

Disappoints Hopes of Detectives  
That She Would Be Able to Solve  
Mystery of Fendish Attempt Upon  
Her Life—Recalls No One With  
Whom She Has Had Trouble.

Mrs. Ada Gilbert Dennis has spoken, but can throw no light on the mystery of the murderous assault committed upon her. Unwelcome news is this to the representatives of law and order, the police and detectives, who had hoped their last hope of solving the problem, after a month of painstaking, but futile, research, upon the story that the victim of the assault would have to tell.

Mrs. Ada Gilbert Dennis.



Mrs. Dennis, the thread of whose wavering life the detectives have been breathlessly watching, last at last and destroy the only chance of an explanation of the fell crime, lives, and will live, and speaks. But she has no tale to tell.

Her Mind a Blank.

Mrs. Dennis declares she knows nothing; she was struck while she slept, wounded almost to death in her own bedroom, removed to Garfield Hospital, where she has since lain between life and death, only to awaken with her mind a blank as to the events of that night of horror.

"Who committed the foul crime, which savors of murder? Why did the assailant do so? What motive exists for the murderous assault, if any at all?" In these three queries Dr. Wade H. Atkinson, family physician to Mrs. Dennis, attempted to learn from his patient the secret of the mystery over which detectives have pondered and the public gazed. Thus came the answers, slowly, painfully, from the lips of Mrs. Dennis:

Knows Nothing of the Assault.

"I do not know who struck me. I awoke at 11 o'clock or shortly afterward on the night of December 10, when I was assaulted. I heard nothing after retiring at 10:30 o'clock. I knew nothing until I came back to consciousness in the hospital weeks after the assault."

"It is not true that I left my home on the night of December 10, or that I had any visitor other than those who reside in the house. I spent the evening at home. Dinner was served about 6 o'clock. From that time until 10 o'clock I sewed and talked with those near to me."

"I thought of no one as to my assailant. I can think of no one who might have committed the crime. I recall no one who wished me ill, or with whom I have had any trouble at all. On retiring, I put my revolver and my purse under my pillow. It was my custom to do so. How both pistol and purse were found while I slept, I cannot explain."

First Lucid Moment.

"I awoke at 11 o'clock or shortly afterward on the night of December 10, when I was assaulted. I heard nothing after retiring at 10:30 o'clock. I knew nothing until I came back to consciousness in the hospital weeks after the assault."

Early in the morning Detectives Horne and Hartigan arrived at the hospital, where they heard the good news. They then departed, primed for a talk with the patient later in the day.

When Dr. Atkinson returned to the hospital in the afternoon, he found Mrs. Dennis conscious and ready to receive him. In a few minutes the detectives were summoned to the sick room. They ranged themselves on either side of the bed, the nurse stood at the foot, and Dr. Atkinson at the head. Mrs. Dennis lay with eyes open, and the semblance of a smile played upon her lips.

"Now, Mrs. Dennis is going to tell us what she knows," Dr. Atkinson began, speaking slowly and in low tones. The patient moved slightly in bed, as the physician went on:

"How do you feel, Mrs. Dennis? These are two gentlemen from Police Headquarters, who are interested in your case. They want to hear what you have to say."

Answered All Questions.

Then Mrs. Dennis, looking straight at Detective Horne, spoke, answering every question put to her by the physicians. The detectives were all of them astonished. "I do not know who struck me," she answered by Dr. Atkinson's question. "I do not know who committed the crime. I recall no one who wished me ill, or with whom I have had any trouble at all. On retiring, I put my revolver and my purse under my pillow. It was my custom to do so. How both pistol and purse were found while I slept, I cannot explain."

(Continued on Third Page.)

TO FORTIFY  
CULEBRA ISLE.United States to Have  
Strong Naval Station.

BETTER THAN PORTO RICO.

Situation One of Strategic Im-  
portance in the West Indies—Ar-  
mament and Guns Being Loaded  
on the Collier Leonidas—Marine  
Garrison to Be Stationed Soon.The Government has determined to es-  
tablish an important naval station at  
Culebra Island, near Porto Rico, which  
came into the possession of the United  
States through the Spanish-American  
Treaty at Paris. Shipments of big guns  
for contemplated fortifications are being  
made, and a marine garrison will be sta-  
tioned there as soon as the barracks  
can be built.Culebra is advantageously situated for  
strategic purposes, and an excellent  
harbor, with deep water, makes it better  
adapted for naval uses than San Juan or  
Ponce.

Carrying Out Plans.

The plans of the Navy Department for  
establishing the station are being carried  
out quietly, but with expedition. The  
North Atlantic Squadron is now there en-  
gaged in tactical maneuvers and its of-  
ficers are collecting information and  
making surveys to determine the charac-  
ter and extent of the improvements which  
the Navy Department will make.The United States dispatch boat Dol-  
phin left Washington on Saturday for Cu-  
lebra to make surveys of the harbor, on  
which the naval station will be situated.NORFOLK, Va., Jan. 12.—Guns and am-  
munition for them have arrived from the  
League Island Navy Yard, and have been  
put aboard the naval collier Leonidas, which  
is lying at the Norfolk Navy Yard tonight.  
The dispatch boat Dolphin is expected to sail  
this afternoon, but failed to get out and  
will sail at 5 o'clock tomorrow for Cu-  
lebra.

Stores to Last Two Years.

The Leonidas has aboard sufficient  
stores to last a battalion of marines two  
years. She carries also much ammunition,  
stores, and coal for the warships of the  
North Atlantic Squadron, and also portable  
houses, which, it is said, the marines  
will erect when they land.Preparations were made to send down  
on the collier some 200 marines, but these  
have not yet embarked aboard her and  
there is some reason to believe that the  
Navy Department's plans have been  
changed and the marines may possibly go  
by another vessel.

Much Secrecy Observed.

The secrecy observed by the Navy De-  
partment, which has cloaked every move-  
ment of the Leonidas, makes it diffi-  
cult to get accurate information regard-  
ing the evidently important movement im-  
pending.The collier Caesar and cruiser Rain-  
bow are here awaiting orders.